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## COMMENT OF THE DAY

### Aid Threat

ALTHOUGH the Baghdad Pact ministers meeting in London today will be primarily concerned with the current military and political threat to the Middle East, one of the most important issues that has dominated meetings in the past is the current Soviet economic offensive in the area. This indeed is closely related to the current crisis and figures recently made available disclose the full extent of the Soviet threat.

In the last two years Soviet military and economic aid to Egypt, Syria and the Yemen has amounted to about \$275 million and at the recent Afro-Asian Conference in Cairo the Soviet delegation offered "unconditional, all-round aid" to the countries taking part.

The Soviet offers of aid to the less developed countries began about four years ago. Before, any form of aid to these countries was denounced as imperialistic exploitation—but in 1956 Molotov admitted that the Soviet Union had underestimated the importance of these areas. Just how far policy has changed was shown last November when Khrushchev went on record: "We declare war on the U.S. in the peaceful field of trade. The threat to the U.S. is not the missile, but the peaceful production."

MOST of the Soviet loans to the less developed areas (and this includes Afghanistan, India, Ceylon, Yugoslavia, Southeast Asia and the Middle East) have been offered in the past two years. One estimate puts the total at about \$673m. About \$150m. of the total is estimated as the value of military aid. Over \$200m. is believed to have been reserved for specific industrial projects, but it is probable that only between \$60m. and \$100m. has so far been spent.

Compared with U.S. civil and military aid since 1945—estimated at about \$18,000m., of which \$3,600m. has gone to less developed areas—Soviet aid in the past two years appears—small—however, this has been observed by the manner in which the offers have been made.

The terms on which Soviet aid is offered have an obvious appeal. Whereas U.S. loans normally carry a 4 per cent interest rate and World Bank loan 5½-6 per cent, Russian loans normally bear a 2½ per cent rate. The repayment period is up to 30 years, though the more usual period is 12 years. Repayments over the initial years of the loan are in some cases waived, and part repayment is usually accepted by the Soviet Union in local currency, or in commodities.

MOST important, the Soviet loans can only be used for the purchase of capital goods and services in the Soviet bloc. Help from Soviet technicians is normally insisted on by Russia, and one U.S. estimate puts the number of Chinese and Russian technicians who worked for one month or longer in less developed areas at over 2,000 during the first six months of 1957. One-third of these were military technicians.

Although there is a strong political element in the Soviet Union's aid programme, it is based on firm economic motives. Through investment emphasis on heavy industry, Russia and the satellites can offer the goods the less developed countries want and there is every reason to think that the Soviet bloc economy is capable of even greater effort in these countries. This is also true of the number of technicians likely to become available in the near future. The Baghdad Pact members face a well thought out and skillfully conducted economic offensive.

# Long Battle With Cancer Ends Suddenly 'FLYING TIGERS' GENERAL DIES

## Chennault Succumbs To 'Massive' Haemorrhage

New Orleans, July 27.

Lieutenant-General Claire Lee Chennault, whose Flying Tigers fought the Japanese Air Force over China during the last war died today, after a long battle with cancer. He was 67.

General Chennault was former Chairman of Civil Air Transport Incorporated.

General Chennault, who had stubbornly maintained he would win his battle against cancer, suffered a massive haemorrhage and died within minutes at the Oschner Foundation Hospital.

At his bedside was his second wife, Anna Chan, a former journalist and daughter of a Chinese Diplomat, and several of his children by a previous marriage.

Ten days ago, his condition took a turn for the worse and doctors said "a lesser man" would have dropped out long ago but his remarkable will to live has enabled him to hold on.

### BIG LOSS, SAYS CAT CHIEF

Mr William S. Wright, Hong-kong Manager of Civil Air Transport expressed shock and heartfelt regret both personally and on behalf of the staff upon learning of the death of Lt-General Claire Chennault, Chairman of the Board of Directors and founder of CAT, who died in Monroe, La., this morning.

Mr Wright added that the late General Chennault was an admired soldier who had contributed greatly to Free China during World War II. His death will be a big loss to the Company as well as to its employees who have worked closely with him both as the boss and as a personal friend.

He would have dropped out long ago but his remarkable will to live has enabled him to hold on.

Turn For Worse  
The General had been in a grave condition for almost two weeks with a bilateral lung condition.

He was taken off the Clinic's official list three days ago. Doctors said he had temporarily responded to treatments. Funeral services were tentatively scheduled to be held in New Orleans tomorrow. It was expected that a plane from Chennault's old command, the 14th Air Force, would fly his remains to the cemetery for burial.

Bedside Reunion  
Death came to the famed leathery-faced flyer just a fortnight after a bill had been rushed through Congress making him a Lieutenant General. The General was visited only 10 days ago by Madame Chiang Kai-shek, a long time friend.

He also recently had a bedside reunion of his six sons and two daughters—their first in 21 years. At that time, the General showed the spirit that carried him the title as Japan's No. 1 "War Criminal" by saving a glass of beer and toasting: "Here's to you all, I'm grounded temporarily but I'll be at your next reunion in 1960."

Volunteers  
It was in 1941 that General Chennault suggested the formation of a force of volunteers to fly for China. The American Volunteer Group, which later flew under the banner of the Flying Tigers, was formed in July, that year.

With sharks' teeth painted on the noses of their antiquated planes, this small band of flyers was outstanding in its fight against tremendous odds. General Chennault was born at Commerce, Texas, but was raised in Louisiana. He left his job as a school principal to become an infantry officer in 1917. He later served in the aviation section of the United States Signal Corps during the first world war.

(Contd. on Back Page, Col. 7)



General Chennault

## Clash Over Presentation Of New Prince Of Wales

London, July 27.

The Queen's decision to make Charles the new Prince of Wales today has touched off a Celtic controversy.

The controversy is over a promise made by the Queen in announcing her son's new office: "Who he is grown up I will present him to you as Cernarvon." Almost immediately the Lord Mayor of Cardiff, Arthur Williams, registered a protest. "I respectfully suggest that when Prince Charles is presented to the people of Wales, it should be at Cardiff now that Cardiff has been recognised as the capital."

Dean's Reply  
Huffed the Dean of Llandaff Cathedral in reply: "Cernarvon should have the honour." And the Labour M.P. for Llanelli, Wales, said, "Especially welcome will be the decision to keep the old tradition that the Prince will be presented to his people at Cernarvon Castle."

Cernarvon Castle was the birthplace of the first Prince of Wales in 1124. Willy King Edward I of England arranged to have his heir born there because unruly Welsh chiefs had promised to obey only a native-born Prince.

But Cardiff, fast-growing industrial centre and one of the most cosmopolitan cities in Wales claims the honour of the presentation ceremony in virtue of its status as the capital of the principality.

Cardiff was made capital of Wales in 1906. The newly created Prince of Wales returned to Buckingham Palace for the school holidays

tonight — to find his mother still ill and his father absent on a tour of the Selly Isles. It was a strange homecoming for the nine-year-old Prince. Princess Anne had travelled to greet him earlier in the afternoon at Cernarvon School, near Newbury, Berkshire.

Together, brother and sister travelled by car from the school to Windsor Castle, where they had an adult tea party together. Then they resumed the journey in rain to London and were cheered by a small crowd at the Palace gates.

The princess smiled happily at the well-wishers thronging the rain-moored windows of their car, while her brother waved steadily.

The Daily Mail reports in its Monday edition that Prince Charles was able to tell his mother that he was top of the class in Geography. According to the newspaper, he received 70 marks out of 100, the best in his class of 20 boys.

In French, his report said he had made "excellent progress" during the past term. The Daily Mail quotes a member of the school staff as saying: "The young prince was very pleased with the result."

"Mathematics! I don't think he would make an accountant, but a thorough knowledge of foreign countries and languages will stand him in good stead for the future."—U.P.I. & Reuter.

## 13-MILE BALLOON ASCENT

New York, July 27. Two American balloonists who spent last night at heights of up to 13 miles landed about 40 miles north-west of James town, North Dakota, today having set up a new unofficial atmospheric balloon endurance record.

Aloft for 34 hours and 43 minutes, they beat by more than two hours the previous endurance record set up last autumn. The balloonists, Navy Commander Malcolm Ross, 29, and Mr Lee Lewis, 48, had gone up

not to establish records, but to test equipment for future space travel. Their balloon, as tall as a 17-story building, and took them to 88,500 feet after taking off from a deep open-cast mine near Crosby, Minnesota, yesterday.

During the night, they looked down on a thunderstorm rolling and crackling above the earth, and described it by radio as "a beautiful and spectacular sight."—Reuter.

## HONGKONG RESERVOIRS' BIG WEEKEND GAIN

by A China Mail Reporter

The water storage figures now show appreciable gains from the heavy rain which fell over the weekend. At 8 a.m. this morning total storage for the reservoirs in Hong-kong and Kowloon stood at 6,500 million gallons, which represents a gain of 1,274 million gallons over the storage position on Saturday at 8 a.m. Unfortunately most of the rain fell over the Hongkong Island reservoirs, a number of which were overflowing on Sunday. Only small gains were recorded in Kowloon, where the big dams Tai Lam and Shing Mun are. From midnight to noon, the Royal Observatory recorded a fall of 3 inches. Over the weekend, including this morning's rain, a total of 7.21 inches of rain fell. Since January 48.14 inches of rain have fallen, and this is now not very much below the average annual rainfall for this

period. The average is 50.81 inches. At 11 a.m., the temperature was 76 degrees Fahrenheit, and the relative humidity was 99 per cent. The latest reports on Typhoon Doris state that it is now 330 nautical miles south-east of the southern tip of the Japanese island of Kyushu, moving north-west at five knots. The Hongkong Telephone Company announced this morning that telephones beginning with the digit '9' have been restored to normal operation again. Rain and mist caused a disruption of air traffic in and out of Kai Tak airport this morning. The two Cathay Pacific Airways flights from Bangkok and Singapore landed after circling above the airport for over an hour. The BOAC flight from Tokyo was diverted to Manila. Many departures were delayed.

## Macmillan-Dulles Agree On Summit Tactics

London, July 27.

The United States Secretary of State, Mr John Foster Dulles, and the Prime Minister, Mr Harold Macmillan, reached full agreement in private talks today on the policy and tactics to be adopted in connection with a Summit session of the Security Council according to American sources.

Mr Dulles discussed prospects for a Summit conference at a private lunch today with Mr Macmillan and the Foreign Secretary, Mr Selwyn Lloyd, the sources said. The sources said that the United States definitely favoured holding the Summit meeting in New York in the context of the Security Council, and not in Europe.

August 11, Earliest  
They said that the United States definitely held the view that the time, place, composition and procedure of a Summit Security Council session should be decided by a meeting

of permanent representatives of the Council. The Western powers are now awaiting Russia's reply to the letters sent from Washington on Thursday and from Paris, and London yesterday.

Through the letters from the three Western leaders showed distinct differences in the approach, the powers are in agreement that August 11 is the earliest date at which Summit talks with Russia could be held. Talks in London are believed to have concentrated on the increasingly difficult question of which powers not members of the Security Council should be invited to attend a Summit session focussed on Middle East affairs.

### A Good Case

Exchanges now taking place seem to have established that Jordan, Lebanon, the United Arab Republic, India, Turkey, Persia, Pakistan and Israel could all advance a good case for appearing at the Security Council session. In that case the number of visitors to the council would nearly equal the number of its members.

Mr Macmillan and Mr Dulles also agreed that the Baghdad pact should continue in existence. But Mr Dulles told Mr Macmillan that America did not plan to join as a full member.

Good Atmosphere  
Later, Mr Dulles said the Jordanian Ambassador and the Prime Ministers of Iran and Pakistan.

He was quoted as saying he found a good atmosphere throughout and no sense of panic among the Baghdad pact leaders. Mr Dulles was said to have found the Iranian and Pakistani Premiers far calmer than he had anticipated. He was quoted as saying that he was impressed by their air of confidence and failure to be disturbed by Soviet threats. —Reuter and U.P.I.

## 5 Die In Polar Helicopter Crash

New York, July 27. Five men died in the crash of a U.S. air force helicopter on the Greenland ice cap on Thursday; a radio report received at Westover air force base, Massachusetts, today said. —Reuter.

## Ike's Car Has A Flat Tyre

Washington, July 26. President and Mrs Eisenhower arrived back at the White House late today after a two-hour motor trip from Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, enlivened by a flat tyre on the Chief Executive's limousine. The President and his First Lady were returning from a quiet week-end at their Gettysburg farm when the left rear tyre of their limousine went flat just after his 10-car motorcade had moved on to the four-lane highway 240 on the south edge of Frederick, Maryland. The car was travelling at a reduced rate of speed at the time, having slowed down to go around a cloverleaf to get on to the highway. The Secret Service, driver of the President's car brought it to a gentle stop, and the President and Mrs Eisenhower quickly shifted to less than two minutes to another car.—U.P.I.

## Girl's Bid To Save Father Fails

London, July 27. Valerie Blumson today tried in vain to save her father from drowning when a holiday launch capsized in the sea at West Mersea, Essex. It was her 17th birthday.—China Mail Special.

## Bomb Alarm

London, July 27. British European Airways officials were alerted tonight after a telephone warning at London airport that there was a bomb aboard one of their aircraft. A service to Edinburgh was held and searched but nothing was found.—Reuter.

# Have you seen the FIAT 1200

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FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY  
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

WONDERFUL STORY! LOVELY SCENE!  
THRILL AFTER THRILL! FULL OF ACTION!



A Super German Production In AGFA COLOR  
Starring: Kurt SCHMIDTCHEN • Christel BODENSTEIN  
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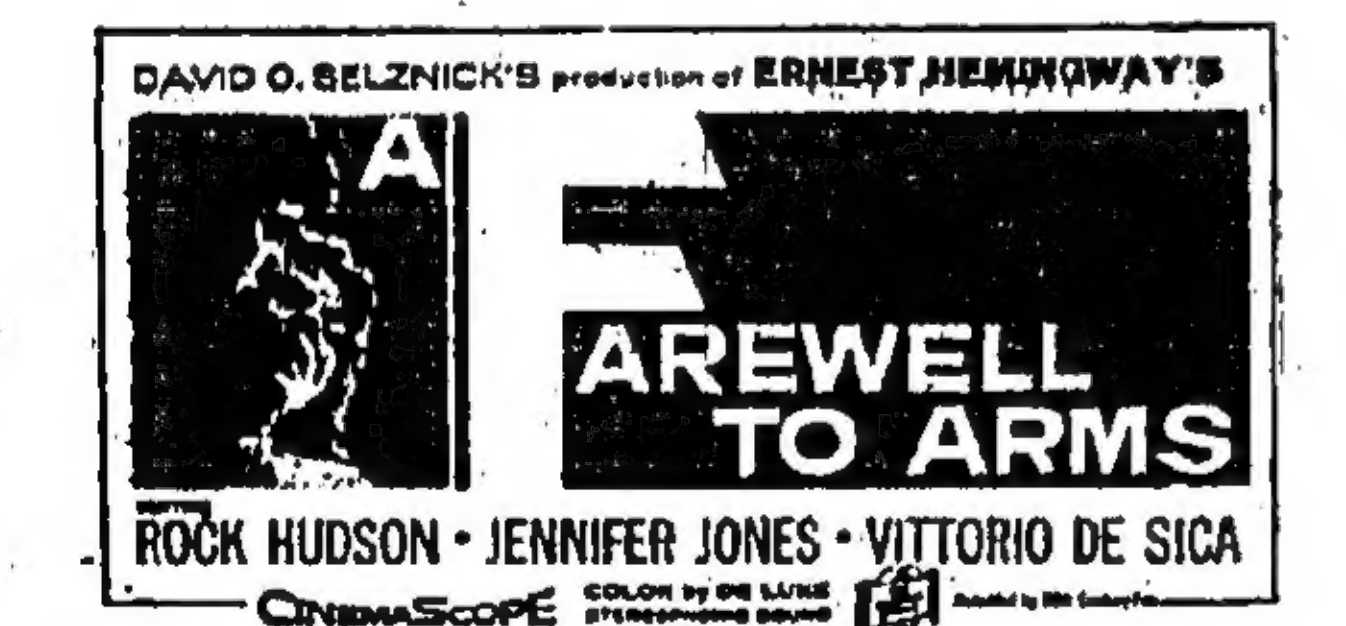
M-G-M's MASTERPIECE OF EXCITEMENT FROM THE  
MASTER OF TERROR ANDREW L. STONE



A Shock Drama of Mounting Tension & Chilling Suspense!  
It'll Keep You On the Edge of Your Seat!  
Latest News of the Day  
AMERICAN TROOPS LANDING AT BEIRUT

## ORIENTAL MAJESTIC

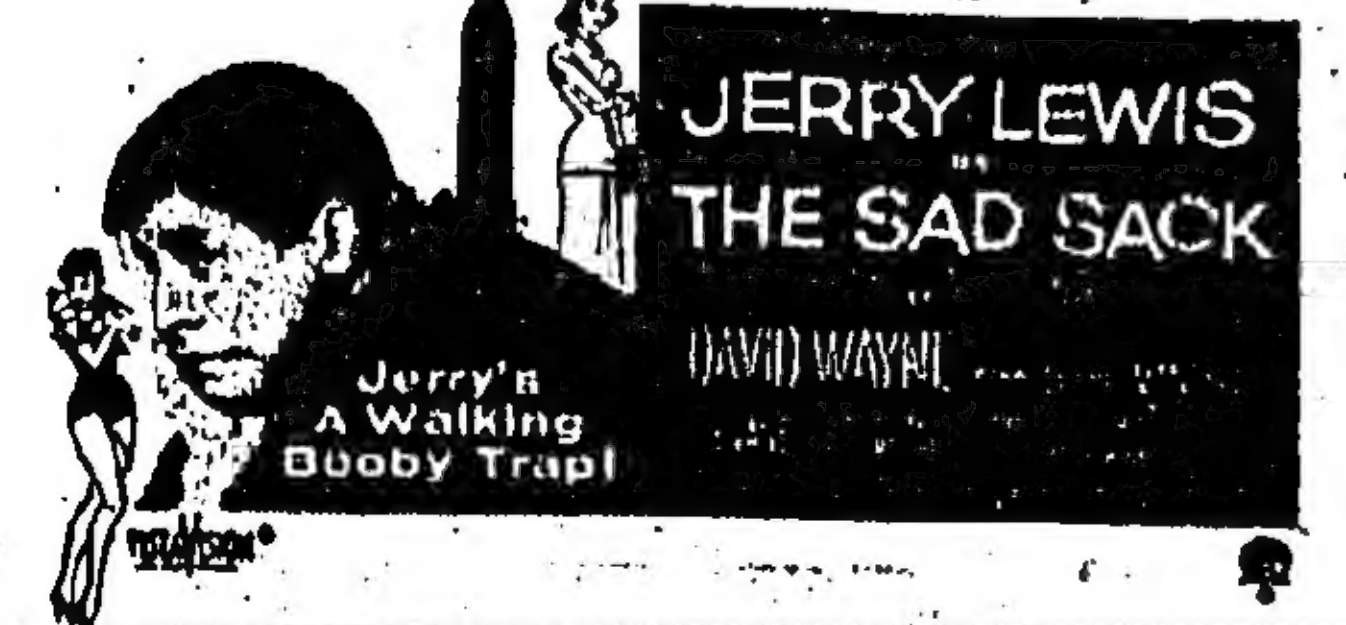
2nd WEEK — SHOWING SIMULTANEOUSLY TO-DAY  
Owing to length of film, please note change of times!  
3 SHOWS TO-DAY: 2.30-6.00 & 9.15 P.M.



ORIENTAL: Next change "UNDERWATER WARRIOR"

## CAPITOL RITZ

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★  
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



TO-MORROW SPECIAL SHOW AT 12.30 P.M.  
CAPITOL RITZ  
Barbara STANWYCK in "THERE'S ALWAYS TOMORROW"  
William CAMPBELL in "RUNNING WILD"

## LONDON TALKS BY BAGDAD POWERS

# NO RECOGNITION

## Moslem Premiers Press For Full U.S. Membership

### DULLES IMPRESSED BY CONFIDENCE SHOWN IN TALKS

## Helium History

Weymouth, Mass., July 27. A navy blimp, the ZPG-3, will take off from South Weymouth naval air station tonight for a history-making hop to the Arctic.

The blimp, a "Limp" or gas-bag type lighter-than-air craft, was believed to be the first such craft ever to attempt an Arctic flight. The only similar flight to the polar regions was the 1928 Amundsen - Ellsworth - Noble dirigible, or "Rigid" air ship expedition over the North Pole—U.P.I.

## A Matter Of Naval Verbosity

London, July 27. A recent Admiralty decision to call a signman a "tactical communication operator" was condemned as "glibness verbosity" in the House of Lords.

Lord Conesford, a Conservative peer, said that for centuries, British sailors had been masters of terse and vigorous English. Why was that tradition not being followed?

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord Selkirk, explained amid laughter that the new title indicated more precisely what the man did these days. It could be compared with the change from "stoker" to "engineering mechanic."

Lord Conesford asked if in future, a sailor would never make a signal but a "tactical communication."

Lord Selkirk said Lord Conesford could be assured that the navy would continue to make signals and express itself in terse English whether in terms of endorsement or otherwise.

Lord Attlee, former Prime Minister, said he thought the sailors would express themselves in terse English about the change—China Mail Special.

## Nearer Communion At Communion

Birmingham, July 27. An experiment in the service of Holy Communion in which members of the congregation take a more active part was broadcast by commercial television here today.

Viewers saw people in the congregation read from the Bible, and one prayer was led by one of the congregation kneeling in front and facing the altar.

Dr. J. G. Davies, senior theology lecturer at Birmingham University, introduced the service by saying: "If worship is to remain healthy and be the servant of truth, then new concepts have to be embodied."

The University study group which drew up the service included Anglicans and Free Churchmen.

Liturgical revision is on the schedule of the (Anglican) Lambeth conference, now meeting, and other denominations are also discussing changes—China Mail Special.

## Chosen Bishops At St. James's

London, July 27. Two hundred purple-robed bishops and their wives were the guests of the Queen Mother at a private reception at St. James's Palace.

The bishops—attending the Lambeth conference—were chosen from overseas dioceses which the Queen Mother had visited—China Mail Special.

## Mr Ziliacus And The Dead

Reading, July 27. Mr. Ronald Ziliacus, a Labour Member of Parliament, said tonight that for the British and American leaders to go with the Baghdad Pact without Iraq, the only Arab member, was like "hogging a dead horse after agreeing it must be buried."

London, July 27. Statesmen from the Bagdad Pact powers meeting here tonight and tomorrow are expected, in usually well informed circles, to decide against recognising for the present the new Republican regime of their absent member, Iraq.

Representatives of the pact's other Moslem members—Turkey, Persia and Pakistan—were reported to have expressed strong feelings since their arrival in London against extending recognition.

Britain, with its commercial and oil interests in Iraq, was regarded as maintaining an attitude of greater flexibility, but as agreeing that the present was not the time to recognise the regime which seized power only two weeks ago.

Iraq under General Nuri was one of the founder members of the three-year-old pact. Its new Republic, Prime Minister, Brigadier Abdul Karim Kassab, said yesterday that no decision had yet been taken about any withdrawal from the pact, but he wanted to be friendly with all nations.

The meeting of Bagdad Pact countries is being attended by the Prime Ministers of Britain, Persia, Turkey and Pakistan. The United States, which is an associate member, is represented by Mr. John Foster Dulles, the Secretary of State.

Sources predicted that the present meeting would decide to move the pact's headquarters from Bagdad to Ankara.

## U.S. Membership

According to the sources, the three Moslem members of the pact—the United States should become a full member of the pact at the present session.

This, in the Moslem view, would demonstrate continued United States support for the pact as a "Northern Line" of Middle Eastern Defence, despite the overthrow of the pro-Western regime in Iraq.

The Turkish Prime Minister and Foreign Minister, Mr. Adnan Menderes and Mr. Fatin Zorlu, did not reach London in time for the start of tonight's dinner party given by the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd.

Mr. Menderes and Mr. Zorlu were here by special aircraft from Bonn in the early evening after talks with the West German Chancellor, Dr. Adenauer.

The guests at Mr. Lloyd's dinner, where top policy issues were due for review, were Mr. Dulles, the British, Persian and Pakistan Prime Ministers; Mr. Macmillan, Dr. Manushar Eghbal, and Malik Feroz Khan Noon; and the Persian Foreign Minister, Mr. Ali Hekmat.

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## Waiting Attitude

American sources said tonight it was recognised that there would eventually have to be Western recognition of the Iraq republican government though no decision on this was expected at the London talks.

The sources said that while Iraq was being dealt with, it appeared to be a fact that the new government of Iraq had now restored order.

American sources said the United States was adopting a waiting attitude and did not wish to see any further deterioration of relations with Nasser, but to bring the United Nations closer to the Middle East in greater strength.

They emphasized that the United States was anxious to withdraw troops from the Lebanon but not until the role of the United Nations there had been reinforced.

They referred to the possibility of United Nations supervision in Jordan too.

Sources close to the United States delegation said that Mr. Dulles had been impressed today in his talks with Dr. Eghbal and Malik Feroz Khan Noon with the confidence and calmness which they displayed in the face of the current Middle East crisis.—Reuter.

## A Matter Of (Inter Alia) Dogs And Pigeons

London, July 27. The Chief Pleas, the feudal parliament of this tiny island, has rejected a proposal by two of its members for the reform of Sark's 16th century constitution.

By 27 votes to three, the tenants and deputies voted against any change in the present administration.

Mr. Hubert Henry Lanyon, who keeps a general store, moved the proposal, for a fresh constitution which would have introduced a new voting system.

It would also have deprived the Dame of Sark, Mrs. Sibyl Hathaway who is owner and feudal lord of the island, of all her customary rights, which date back to 1585.

Mr. Lanyon told the meeting unless a bold and forthright policy was made, Sark would degenerate into the unhappy condition of being a children's nursery at one end and an old people's institute at the other, with little or no viable middle-aged population to safeguard stability with serenity.

The 73-year-old Dame of Sark has the right to appoint the president of the court of the chief pleas, exact tithes from tenant farmers, and be the only person on the island allowed to keep a female dog or pigeon—China Mail Special.

## Olympian Owner

Zurich, July 27. Aristide Onassis, multi-millionaire Greek ship-owner, will start operating flights from Zurich with his 20-million dollar (\$27,000,000) air company on August 4, it was announced here today.

The company, known as "Olympic Airways," will fly a regular service between Athens, Zurich and Frankfurt.

Earlier this year, Mr. Onassis obtained the concession from the Greek government to operate a Greek national airline.

The company is entirely owned by the Onassis family—China Mail Special.

## N.Z. Says "It's Easy"

Auckland, New Zealand. New Zealand is making an all-out bid to attract tourists. The first and main target of the attack is Australia, which provided half of the 30,000 overseas visitors in the year ended March 31 last.

But tourist promotion is also being undertaken in North America, and future drives are being considered in South Africa, Malaysia and the Philippines.

Tourism, which at present earns £4,000,000 a year, vies with the newspaper and pulp industry as the country's fourth largest overseas exchange earner.

New Zealand's remoteness in the South Pacific has in the past been a formidable barrier to a greatly increased flow of tourists. But the dawn of jet aircraft on the four international routes serving the country, and faster and more numerous passenger shipping services, will soon end her isolation and bring a flood of tourists whether she seeks them or not.

The need for foreign exchange to maintain the high standard of New Zealand's 2,250,000 population and the ease with which this tourist money can be earned without excessive large capital outlay, give incentive to tourist promotion efforts aimed at attracting more than the expected increase.

The introduction of jet aircraft on Pacific routes at the end of this year will bring Auckland, the aerial gateway to New Zealand, within 13 hours of North America and will give terrific impetus to South Pacific tourism.

Airlines at present offer 650 seats a week into and out of New Zealand in the "off-season" and 1,100 in the busy season. It, as seems likely, flight frequencies are maintained by the jet aircraft these figures will be increased to 1,350 and 2,200 respectively.

Travel interests claim that the term "off-season" in New Zealand is a misnomer because winter attractions including snow sports, hunting and fishing, are capable of attracting a large number of tourists.

Cruise ship traffic to New Zealand is increasing steadily. This year, 12 big liners are bringing an estimated 9,000 passengers. Emphasis in advertising will be on the outdoor way of life in a land with an all the year round kindly climate.

The target of the Tourist Minister for foreign currency earnings from tourism is £10,000,000 a year. The Government which owns the principal resort hotels and holiday resorts, has a big interest in the industry.

Private travel and hotel interests are solidly backing the Minister's drive and are spending millions of pounds on improving accommodation throughout the country.

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## Lee & Astor

LAST 2 DAYS  
4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

RICHARD TODD • ANNE BAXTER • HERBERT LOM



★ NEXT CHANGE ★



RESTRICTED BY BRITISH LAW

## ROXY BROADWAY

LAST 4 SHOWS TO-DAY  
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

IT WAS OLD CALIFORNIA'S HOUR OF LIFE OR DEATH!

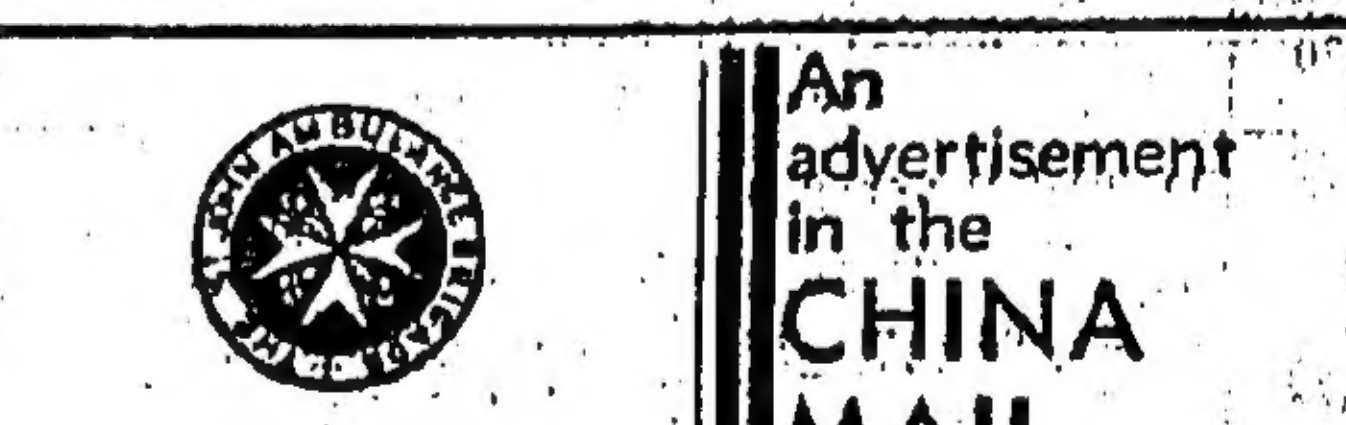
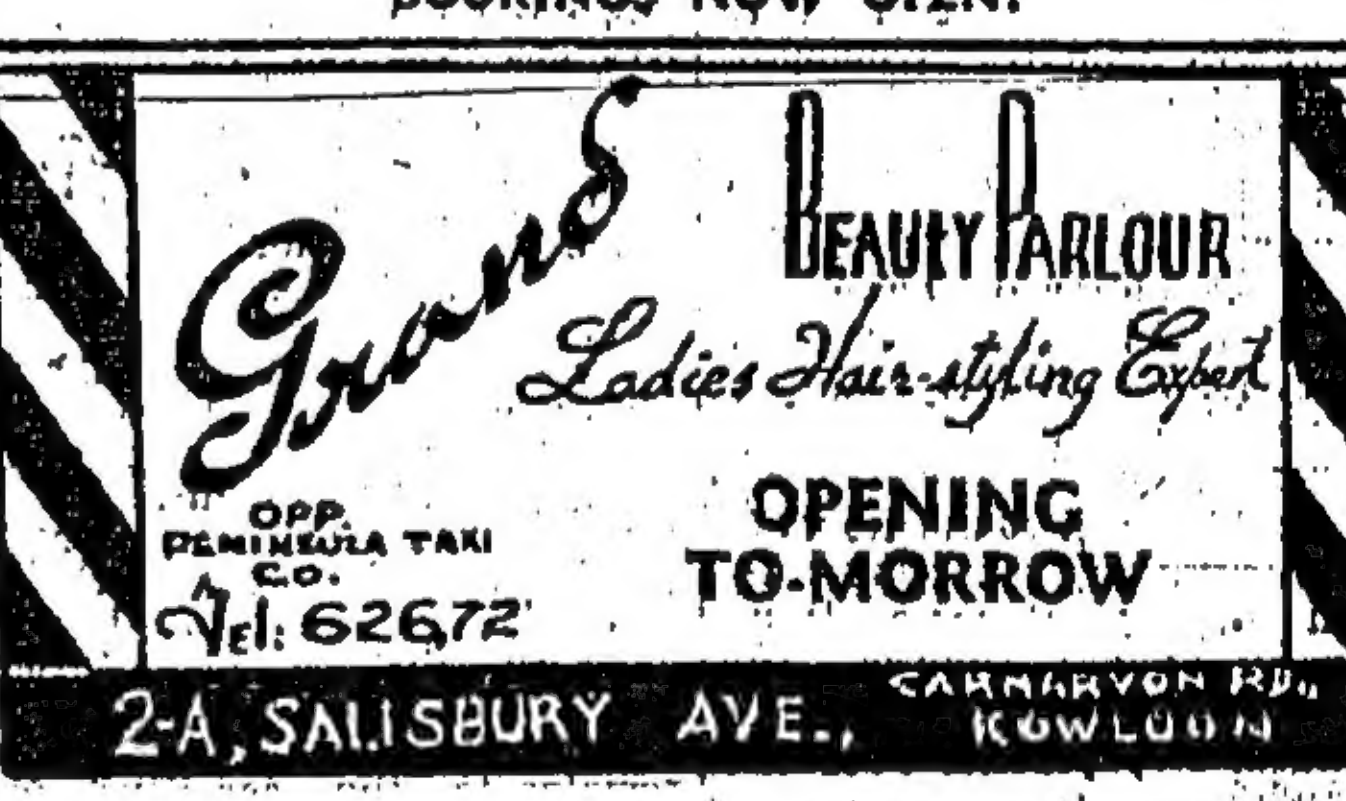


BRIAN KEITH RICK JASON RITA GAM MALA POWERS

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BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!



An advertisement in the CHINA MAIL GOES TO CUSTOMERS Instead of waiting for them to come to you Use the CHINA MAIL regularly





# U.S. Approaches Summit With Sense Of Foreboding

## SUMATRAN REBELS ATTACK GOVT

Djakarta, July 27. Two thousand West Sumatran rebels last Wednesday attacked their former capital of Bukit Tinggi. Antara News Agency said in a delayed report today.

Antara said the rebels had by nightfall succeeded in penetrating into the centre of the town.

They were driven out again, and on Thursday afternoon they withdrew, leaving behind 187 dead.

Antara did not state Government casualties.

### Strafing

The Agency said government aircraft were strafing the rebel camp.

Antara said this was the second major attack launched by the rebels in West Sumatra this month.

On July 8, 500 made an assault on Pariaman, a port north of Padang.

They were beaten back by the Government garrison in a two-day fight.—Reuter.

## Luftwaffe Pilot Leads Flight

London, July 27. A wartime Luftwaffe pilot led a flight to West Germany of the first squadron of British Sea-Hawk jet fighters to serve with the Federal Navy Air Arm.

The eight aircraft, piloted by Germans, flew from Bitterwell, Leicestershire, to Jangel, near Kiel.

They are part of a £5 million order for 48 Sea-Hawks intended for patrol and reconnaissance duties.

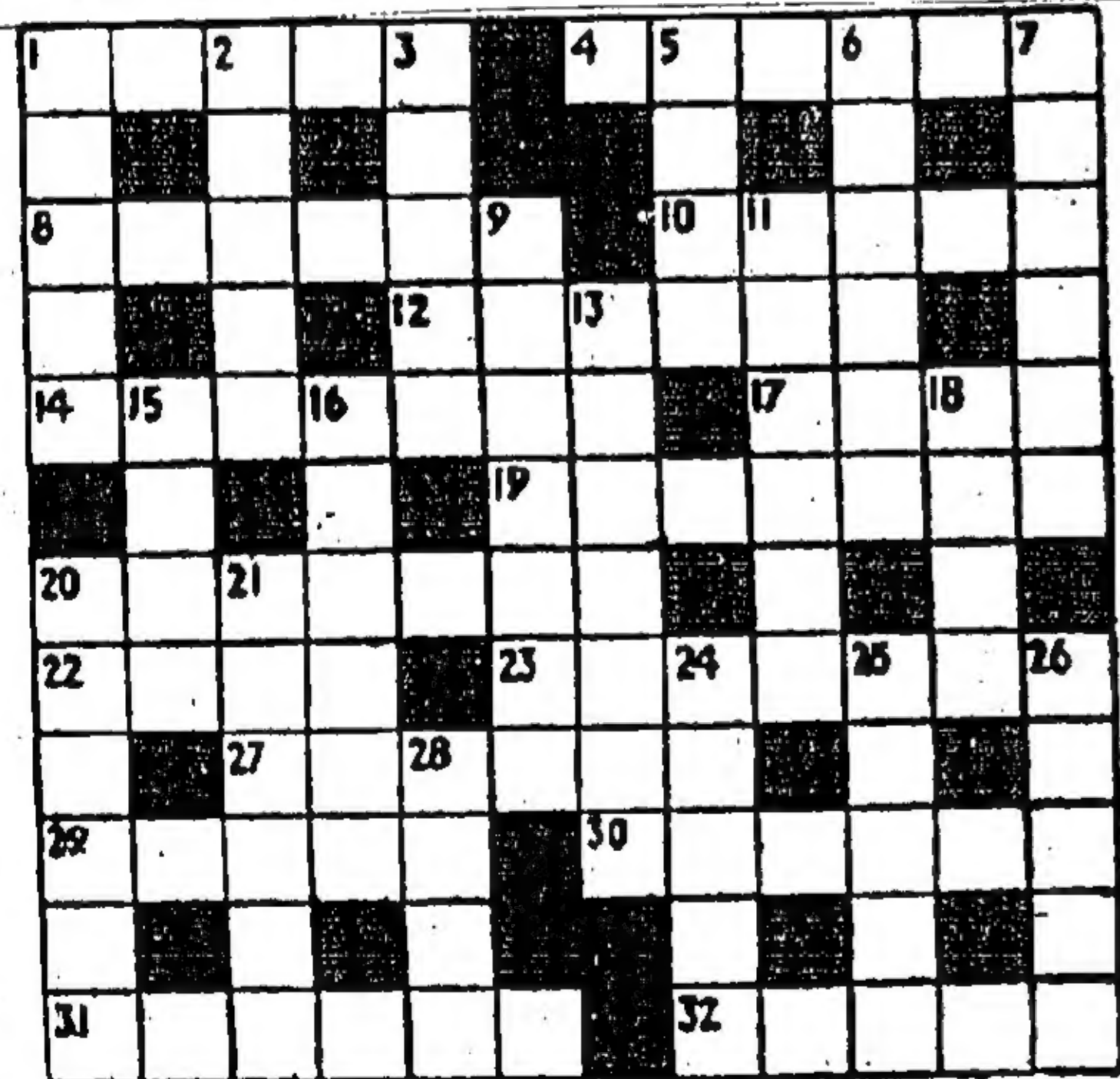
As the German Navy does not have any aircraft carriers, the Sea-Hawks will be able to operate from Royal Navy and Luftwaffe ships as part of the NATO forces.—China Mail Special.

### Their First

Frankfurt, July 27. After years of planning work on West Germany's first atom power plant has begun.

The plant, to be constructed at an estimated cost of \$10 million will be completed by the end of this year but will not go into operation until late 1959.—U.P.I.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- 1 Fundamental (5).
  - 4 Gummy language? (6).
  - 8 Hollinguish permanently? (5).
  - 10 Man of many parts (5).
  - 12 Bit of frippery (6).
  - 14 Boat race-meeting (7).
  - 17 Khrushchev and Co. (4).
  - 19 Current units, not only in France (7).
  - 20 'Tend not to be upright' (7).
  - 22 Buck, in a sense (4).
  - 23 Properly arranged, it should be OK (2, 5).
  - 27 Possibly religious areas (6).
  - 29 Assesses speeds (5).
  - 30 Outstanding naval commander (6).
  - 31 Disinclined (6).
  - 32 Takes in sail, rocks in sight (5).
- DOWN**
- 1 Rose without, maybe (5).
  - 2 Music many children like? (5).
  - 3 In parts (5).
  - 5 Not fanciful (4).
  - 6 He's supposed to see things (6).
  - 7 Need? (6).
  - 9 Like Holt? (7).
  - 11 Is progress through life just a rush? (6).
  - 13 Moans (7).
  - 15 Bernese bird (4).
  - 16 Put out much S.A.? (6).
  - 18 Valley (4).
  - 20 Scene of the Peninsular War (6).
  - 21 Live-stock (6).
  - 24 This one should be twigged (6).
  - 25 He may be senseless, but not insensible (5).
  - 26 Who's purist? (5).

**SATURDAY'S SOLUTION.**—Across: 3 Found out, 6 Enthusiastic, 11 Released, 13 Boss, 15 Sile-lo, 18 Lensed, 19 Prop, 21 Disaster, 26 Intruder, 28 Muse, 27 Mol-ass-ca, Down: 1 Tear, 2 Duel, 4 Owms, 5 Nard, 6 Ounce, 7 Thews, 9 Easel, 10 Tests, 12 Enter, 14 Scene, 16 Tepid, 17 O.S.-car, 19 Prison, 20 Extol, 21 Dux, 22 Sore, 23 Taut, 24 Roes.

Washington, July 27. The United States is approaching the summit with a deep sense of foreboding.

By DAVID SHEARS

## Research Station On Darwin's Island

London, July 27.

A project to establish an international research station on the Galapagos Islands, whose strange animals convinced Sir Charles Darwin of the evolution theory, was announced at the final session of the International Zoological Congress here.

The islands, 500 miles west of Ecuador, are still renowned for their plant tortoises, freak flightless birds and dinosaur-like lizards called iguanas.

The new station, to be named after Darwin, will be devoted to biological research, including conservation, and raising the islands' living standards.

Initial funds are being provided by Unesco.

### SAFEGUARDING

The session of the congress unanimously approved a resolution stressing the "great urgency" of safeguarding the islands' unique animal and plant life.

Darwin visited the islands during his voyage round the world from 1831 to 1835 and concluded that Galapagos had been biologically isolated by geographic position and evolution of a special kind was continuing there.

In recent years many of the Galapagos animals have been driven to the verge of extinction. Plans for the research station include rescuing some islands with tortoises, studies of behaviour in herds of iguanas, and the biology of coast waters thought to harbour entirely new species of fish.—China Mail Special.

## It Was United States Who First Suggested Security Council

By MICHAEL LITTLEJOHNS

United Nations, July 27. The United States, not Britain, first suggested using Security Council procedures to stage an East-West summit meeting, according to usually reliable sources here.

The informants disclosed this today in face of what they described as the "misconception" that Britain has dragged a reluctant United States to the projected heads of government conference.

They said the idea first was advanced by Mr John Foster Dulles, the American Secretary of State, during the visit to

Washington the week before last of Mr Selwyn Lloyd, British Foreign Secretary.

Mr Lloyd was said at once to have consulted his chief, Harold Macmillan, who readily agreed to Mr Dulles' plan to invoke Article 28 of the United Nations Charter, which says the council "shall hold periodic meetings at which each of its members may be represented by a member of the government."

The impression that it was Mr Lloyd, not Mr Dulles, who did the leading has been popular here, as apparently, it has been in Europe among press and radio-television commentators.

This past week, Herblock, perhaps the best of all American political cartoonists, depicted Mr Macmillan pulling Mr Dulles to a lift marked "To the Summit."

The caption was: "Up!"

Though among American public opinion there is nothing like the demand for a heads-of-government meeting exists in Britain and Europe, British officials in this country have shown some irritation at suggestions that Mr Macmillan and Mr Lloyd influenced Mr Eisenhower and Mr Dulles against the American leaders' better judgment.

**Well-Known**

It is well-known that the Geneva summit conference of 1955 was the direct result of pressure brought by Sir Anthony Eden, then British Prime Minister, on President Eisenhower.

But it has been pointed out here that the British political scene today is very different from 1955.

Mr Macmillan's Government is regarded as being in better shape today than it has been in months, and the electoral trend in favour of the opposition apparently has at least been slowed.—China Mail Special.

## Muscat Sultan Has High Level Talks In U.K.

London, July 27.

The Sultan of Muscat and Oman Sir Said Bin Taimur Bin Faisal, left London tonight by air for Aden, after a two months' private visit in England.

The Sultan was seen off at the airport by Julian Amory, British Under-Secretary of State for War, and Foreign Office representatives.

The Sultan was received by the Queen and had talks with Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd during his stay.

Informed sources said that one of the subjects discussed during his visit was British financial and military aid to Muscat and Oman. It was recently confirmed that 20 British officers have been seconded to the Sultan to reorganise his armed forces, disorganised by the rebellion last August of the Imam of Oman.

**REBEL CHIEFS**

The rebel chiefs—the Imam and his brother—are still in almost inaccessible regions of Oman, aided by a powerful tribal chief called "The Lord of the Queen Mountain."

Another question which the Sultan discussed in London was the problem of Gwadar, an enclave in Pakistani territory on the coast of Malabar which belongs to the Sultanate of Muscat and Oman.

The British Government is using its good offices to persuade the Sultan to cede this enclave to Pakistan. He has reached an advanced state. It was thought here that the question would be brought up at the Baghdad Pact Conference in London during the Anglo-Pakistani talks.—France-Press.

London, July 27.

One thousand people attended a "Hands off the Middle East" meeting, organised by the Movement for Colonial Freedom, in Trafalgar Square this afternoon.—Reuter.

## PROTEST OVER RN ENSIGN ON FLAG

Kuala Lumpur, July 27.

The new Malayan Naval ensign will not be changed despite several strong protests by religious bodies.

Minister for Defence Dato Abdul Razak said the design was carefully chosen and there was "no question of changing it." The Malayan ensign is almost exactly the same as the Royal Naval ensign except that the Malayan flag replaces the Union Jack at the top right hand corner.

### SIGNIFIED

The "Kedah" State branch of the United Malays National Organisation protested that the Red Cross signified the Christian religion and should not be used for an ensign of a Muslim country like Malaya. Several religious bodies subsequently joined in the protest.

Defence Minister Dato Abdul Razak denied that the Red Cross on the ensign signified the Christian religion. He said all British Commonwealth navies have the Red Cross on their ensigns including the Navy of Pakistan which is a Muslim nation.—U.P.I.

## JAPANESE FILM GETS AWARD

Prague, July 27.

The Japanese film "The Half-Brothers" shared the Grand Prix of the 11th International Film Festival at Karlovy with the Soviet entry "The Tranquil Gift". It was announced here today.

The Japanese entry was directed by Mikio Ieda. S. Gerasimov directed the winning Soviet film.

India's Nargis was awarded the best female performance of the festival with her interpretation of Ruchi, in "Mother India".

A Chinese film, "Flames on the Frontier", directed by Liq Lung, won one of the prizes for young film creators, and a Franco-Chinese co-production "The River", directed by Roger Pigot, was also among the prize list.

## Ex-Marine Hikes To Wife

Kuala Lumpur, July 27.

Ronald Cluley, a former British Marine, rejoined his Chinese wife in Penang today after an absence of two years, and a walk from Birmingham to Cairo.

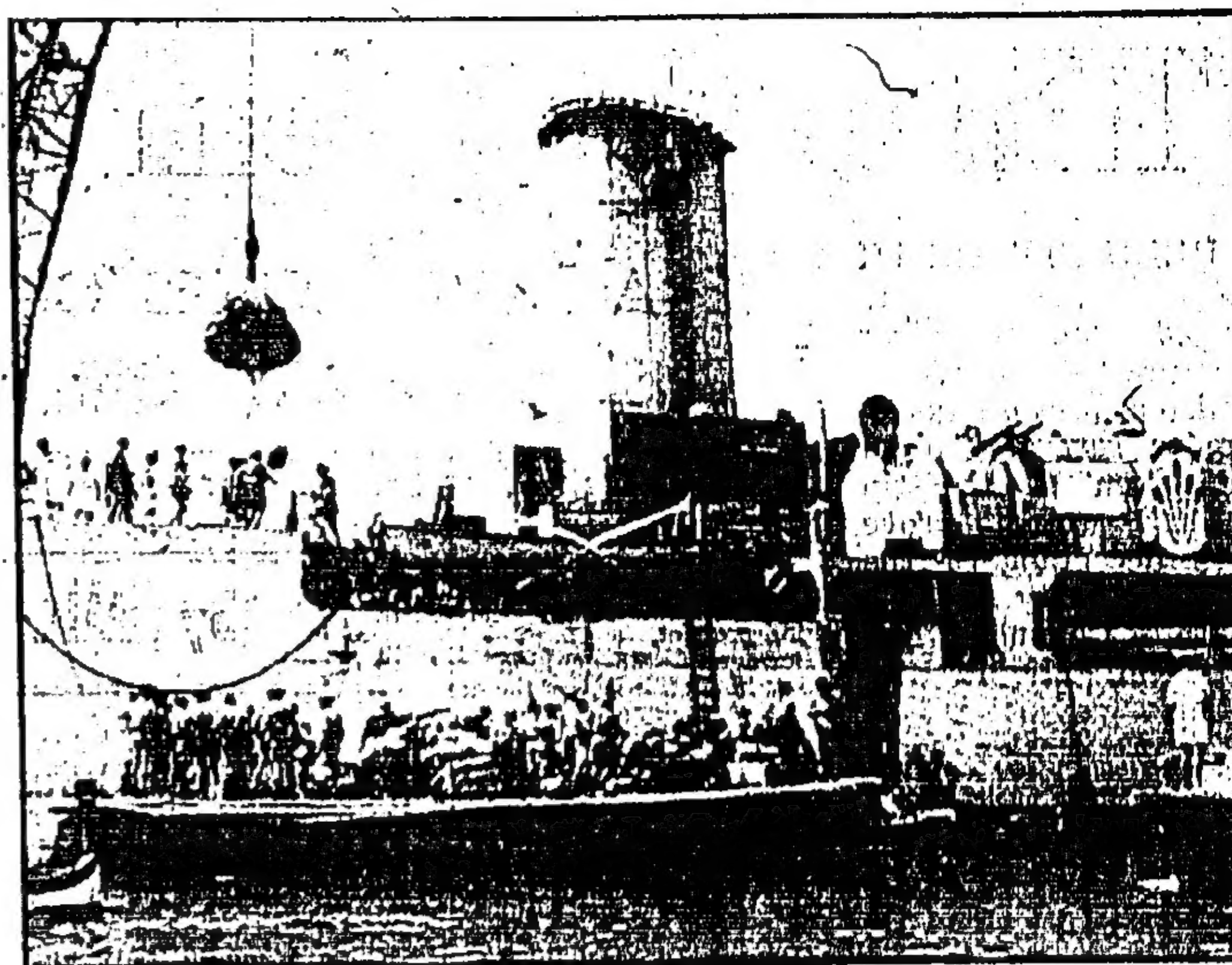
Mr Cluley, 27, of Beechey Estate, Great Barn, Birmingham, married in Singapore in April 1955.

His wife and baby son joined him in England the following year, but the climate did not suit, the child's health, and mother and baby returned to Malaya.

In November 1957 Mr Cluley set out on foot for Malaya. He got as far as Libya, where he worked for several months with a survey team at Benghazi.

Last Thursday he left Cairo by air for Malaya.—Reuter.

## Commandos Land In Libya



Britain has landed reinforcements of Commando units in Libya as a precautionary measure. Photo shows men being disembarked from the cruiser H.M.S. Bermuda.—Central Press Photo.

## East German Ship Captain Had To Spy For Reds

By CAY BROCKDORFF

Cuxhaven, July 27.

Communist merchant ships, travelling peacefully to Western ports, are part of a Communist intelligence scheme to carry out cold war espionage in the Western world, an East German merchant navy captain charged today.

## Bourguiba Warns France, UK & U.S.

Tunis, July 27.

Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba warned today that if the United States abandoned France and Britain and washed its hands off the Middle East and Africa, "the Russian armies would lay siege to Western Europe within 24 hours."

The Tunisian President reiterated his country's determination to fend its independence and exercise its right to choose its own friends in accordance with "realism" and Tunisian needs.

He confirmed previous statements that Tunisia would recognise China and establish diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union before the end of the year.

"That is simply realism," Bourguiba said.

Bourguiba added: "The ramp realism leads us to seek and cultivate the friendship of the United States. In our position we need the protection that this friendship confers on us."—France-Press.

**PENSIONS FOR OFFICERS**

Taipei, July 26. President Chiang Kai-shek today ordered an increase in the interest rate of retired officers' pensions to two per cent monthly.

A field grade Chinese officer is paid an average lump sum pension of \$40,000 Chinese dollars (about US\$10,000).

Ordinary interest rate on the pensions deposited in Chinese banks ranged from 1.30 per cent to 1.85 per cent per month. The black market rate, however, is currently about 3.5 per cent.—U.P.I.

## NOTICE

We regret to announce due to unforeseen circumstances, the shop will remain closed today.

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# How Much Power Does The Queen Really Hold?

QUEEN ELIZABETH II picked Mr Harold Macmillan as our present Prime Minister because someone (or several people) had given her the tip that he would prove more acceptable to the Tory majority in the House of Commons than his rival, Mr R. A. Butler.

Whose voice or voices finally settled the issue is not a matter of incontrovertible public knowledge. Of course, we know that Sir Winston Churchill and Lord Salisbury visited the Queen on the fateful morning. But what really happened the night before?

## One-man poll

Some reports say that the Lord Chancellor counted heads among his Cabinet colleagues, dividing the Macmillan share from the Butler share. Reports also say that Mr Ted Heath, the Tory Chief Whip, conducted a one-man Gallup poll among Tory MPs.

At the time most parliamentary or journalistic observers outside the corridors of the Tory Party were surprised by the choice. Only Mr Randolph Churchill, busy at the end of this telephone East Brompton, says the takings there offer the real clue to the success of

THE ANSWER COMES OUT IN A REMARKABLE BOOK PUBLISHED TODAY ON THE 1931 CRISIS IN WHICH GEORGE V PICKED RAMSAY MACDONALD AS PREMIER

by MICHAEL FOOT

Mr Macmillan in grappling with Post Office finances, staked his reputation successfully as a major prophet.

However, the question remains: how exactly was the deed done? A brilliant scoop is no substitute for historical certainty. We shall have to wait, years perhaps, to know exactly what part the Monarch played.

Things are seldom what they seem in the Royal closet, especially when the King or Queen is exercising the supreme function left to the Monarchy under the Constitution—the choice of a Prime Minister.

Contrary to the public assumption, the Monarch's rights in this respect are far-reaching. According to one of the highest constitutional authorities, Sir Ivor Jennings, the Monarch "is entitled to consult whom he pleases"—not as the popular fallacy supposes, merely the leading party leader or the heads of the established parties, or the reigning chief of the Salisbury clan.

To consult whom they please is what our 20th century Monarchs can do. And that according to a remarkable new book just published on the 1931 crisis, is what they did. Did George V on that occasion play the decisive role in making Mr Ramsay MacDonald Prime Minister of the National Government?

This was the view emphatically enunciated by the Daily Express on the Tuesday morning after his appointment.

## Crucial question

"What, then, made Mr Macmillan choose the path of party expediency instead of throwing in his hand and leaving the task to Mr Baldwin?" asked the Express.

"THE ANSWER," came their reply in capital letters, "is the insistence of His Majesty that there should be no dissolution or general election until that all the party leaders should combine to meet the emergency. The truth is that during the last few days the King has been, in fact as well as in form, the ruler of his people."

The Express had at least one powerful supporter in academic circles. Mr Harold Laski agreed. He wrote a famous pamphlet asserting that the National Government was "born of a Palace Revolution," and implying that the King had acted unconstitutionally.

\* Nineteen Thirty One. By R. Basset (Macmillan) 42s.

## ROUND-UP

WHO OWNS £8,000 PAINTINGS?

A SIX-MONTH search throughout Britain and the Continent has failed to reveal the identity of the mystery woman (Australasian) who deposited a collection of valuable paintings at Victoria (Australia) House, Strand, during the war, and then disappeared. The paintings, including works by Constable and Van de Velde, had been insured for £8,000. Now Sir William Leggett, Agent-General for Victoria, has obtained a permit from the Board of Trade to export them to Melbourne. They will be shipped next month. Sir William says: "All we know for certain is that the mystery woman asked that the paintings be sent to the National Gallery in Melbourne. Whether she was a Londoner or from Lancashire, Yorkshire, or Scotland, she was a Londoner. There was no doubt the paintings attributed to Constable were genuine but there was controversy concerning a picture attributed to Van de Velde."

## PHOTOGRAPHS

by our Staff Photographers

Opening of Tsun Wan Pier  
Belgium National Day Reception  
Cheung Chau Scouts H.Q. Opening  
Opening of Lutheran World Service Centre  
Passing Out Parade at Police Training School  
Tung Wah Hospital Primary School Speech Day  
Kwong Tai Middle School Speech Day  
Queen's College Free Night School Speech at Q.C.  
H.K. College Speech Day at Roky Theatre  
Cocktail Party Aboard m/s Nevada Maru  
All Local Sports  
Local Presentatives  
Local Weddings  
Etc. Etc.

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Wyndham Street.

## "King Alfred" Chapel

An appeal is being launched to complete the chapel of a war-time ship. During the war about 20,000 men attended courses at H.M.S. King Alfred, the name given to Lancing College, Sussex. The appeal is being made through the R.N.V.R. Officers' Association, for contributions towards the building of the chapel which has been described as the most perfect example of Gothic church architecture since the Reformation. Members have been told that work is continuing on the West end which is expected to be finished by 1968—the centenary of the year in which the foundation stone was laid.

## If At First You Don't Succeed

A whole town has been watching an attempt by a pair of seahorses to make a nest on a ledge 40-ft. above the ground—and only four inches wide. Time and again the nest has fallen over the side of Lowestoft's pier pavilion. But each time the birds—bittern—have tried again. It is the first time bittens have been known to nest at Lowestoft.

And see how vulnerable we all are, from a terrified father stumbling through a wedding-day speech to the famous facing their own special kinds of fear.

The fear that we will perform badly, at something or other, is common to the majority of people, to the accomplished as much as to the unskilled—if not more so.

For instance, I spoke to a man who is among the half-dozen finest after-dinner speakers in Great Britain—Lord Mancroft. Yet he told me:

"I still know fear before a speech. It is something I have never lost. And the smaller the occasion, curiously enough, the more conscious of anxiety I am. 'What is more, if I don't feel fearful, I invariably make a bad speech.'"

This last admission is one which I have heard from countless figures in the public eye—people who have to give performances of one kind or another. Actors and actresses more than most, by the way.

It is a significant admission. For it demonstrates that fear, kept under control, can be a spur.

To psychologists the point is no longer arguable—it is an

who would have to carry on the King's Government if the Socialist Cabinet collapsed in hopeless divisions as it did that afternoon. Thus, as Mr Basset argues, the King acted with perfect propriety.

But wait, Sir Herbert Samuel and Mr Stanley Baldwin must not be allowed to share the exclusive credit. Before the views of either of these party leaders had reached the ears of the King, another Titan among the towering giants of that age had spoken.

## Not unconstitutional

Early that morning Sir Clive Wigram, the King's secretary, took it upon himself to consult Mr Geoffrey Dawson, editor of The Times, and the King was

You Must Admit It—At Some Time It Has Paralysed YOU

## FEAR — FEAR!

I HAD already started my inquiry when a startling letter on fear was brought to my attention.

And I wondered into how many thousands of hearts the phrases of the letter search deep: a letter from a person living not far from a criminal lunatic asylum from which a dangerous inmate recently escaped.

"I had gone to bed with the nagging thought that, living as I do, within fifty miles of this asylum for the criminally insane, there was always the chance that the escaped lunatic could be in the district."

"I woke up for some reason, about two or three o'clock in the morning, and thought I heard a noise downstairs. Immediately the conviction flew into my mind that the lunatic was in the house."

"But I just couldn't move. I couldn't even wake my wife in case she gave the game away."

"I must have been lying in this paralysed state for about an hour, the sweat pouring out of me, trying to work out what I was going to do, because of the two children sleeping in the bedroom across the passage."

"But I just couldn't think. All I could do was lie there, praying to God that the lunatic would go away and I would hear the door close behind him."

"At one stage I was half thinking it would be wonderful if I could pass out and miss it all."

"When, at last, I became rational again I was literally soaked and every muscle in my body was aching."

"This paints a picture of me as a terrible coward, I know, but I am honest to admit I cannot face up to things like this."

"That, then, is fear, naked and unadorned. That was the fear, so frighteningly expressed, that I was seeking in my analysis. In that instance it was physical terror."

But first, before the psychologist analyses it for fear, consider the other face of fear, that one lurking among the minor occasions of life, waiting to slip down backs the silver of ice, bring sweat to the palms, a thumping pulse in the side of the neck.

★ ★ ★

In the hot-house world of the theatre and public life, the human flaw is magnified for easier appraisal. What we ordinary folk see are our own fears, exemplified and made plain under a powerful glass.

The biggest obstacle to getting a rise in salary, for most men, is their own fear of asking for one.

The major worry (among all others) for a father at his daughter's wedding is the fact that he has to get up and make a speech.

For come it is a nightmare to have to eat in public. For

accepted fact. As one of them told me:

"Fear is a spur in this sense—that most good actors and actresses take to their profession largely to compensate, in an exhibitionist manner, for what they feel to be interferences or deficiencies in their character."

"It is anxiety or fear about these interferences that drives them to act. It is a mask of defence mechanism."

And this is why stagefright of an actor can be so terrible and dreaded a thing.

For what is at stake is his whole career, but his whole conception of his own character.

★ ★ ★

For all of us it is perhaps a comfort to know that we are in the same boat as the accomplished and the famous. Or, rather, that they are in the same boat with us.

But to go back now to that other fear—the raw peak of panic expressed so fearfully in the letter—the big questions loom: Is it a natural, normal reaction? Or does such letter stamp us against those who feel it? Is fear necessarily always a bad thing?

The answers—with the psychologist's fascinating stories—I have for you in a further article next week.

★ ★ ★

For many, to have to argue with a conductor across a crowded bus is one of the worst things that could happen to them.

★ ★ ★

For a surprising number, to have to return something to a shop is an agony to be prayed against, while to have anything to do with officialdom becomes a latter-day extension of those ordeals in the headmaster's study.

★ ★ ★

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# CANCER—a five-way chance of hitting on the cure

MORE than £40,000,000 a year is being spent throughout the world to find the causes and cure of cancer.

Compared with the sums spent on H-bombs this seems tragically small, but it is far more than has ever been spent on any of the other major diseases which are virtually conquered.

Where does all the money go? What is there to show for it?

The last available answers to these questions emerged from the International Cancer Congress attended by 2,500 doctors and scientists from 63 countries which has just ended in London.

## Many kinds

It is now realised that cancer is not one single disease like TB or polio. It is a name given to a large number of different diseases each with a separate cause and demanding a different type of treatment to cure it.

This immediately makes the slow rate of progress and the huge size of the outlay more understandable.

Furthermore, all these disorders are extremely difficult to investigate because their causes are closely linked with the innermost secret of living matter—what makes it grow and maintain itself in a way which is normally controlled with incredible precision.

## Tinkering

Once a motor-car or TV set is sent in for repair it is rarely free from trouble again. Tinkering with one part of a complex mechanism usually puts another part wrong.

Yet the mechanism of the body is being continually tinkered with. For every second some of the billions of cells which compose it are dying and being replaced by new ones.

It is, perhaps, the most marvellous attribute of living matter that this constant replacement is so perfectly adjusted that the body normally keeps its shape, its symmetry and its ability to remain alive.

Inevitably its cells are sometimes replaced in the wrong way so that too many of them arise at one site giving rise to a malignant growth which eventually interferes with some vital organ. This is cancer.

The progress revealed at this congress—has shown—that we are each born equipped with the seeds of self-destruction.

Whether these seeds germinate depend on luck, habit, heredity and life-span. The longer we live, the greater the chance of contracting cancer which, to that extent, is a penalty for man's rapidly increasing life expectancy.

Research to defeat or at least control this enemy within is currently concentrated on five distinct but perceptible goals.

1. CHEMOTHERAPY—treatment by drugs.

2. TREATMENT BY HORMONES (and extracts). Some types of growth hormone or disappear if they are cut off from supplies of gland extracts normally circulating in the blood. This can be achieved by surgery which stops the production of the extracts concerned.

3. RADIOTHERAPY: This is treatment by X-rays, and the super X-rays now available from radioactive chemicals which are by-products of atomic industry.

4. THE STORY OF CANCINOGENS—irritants which cause growths to form: Tobacco smoke, air pollution, and radioactive dust are especially suspect but cancer-forming agents are being sought in water and every type of food.

5. THE VIRUS THEORY: The belief that some forms of cancer are caused by minute germs invading the body from outside. Scientists have found that some growths can be produced in animals by injecting certain viruses.

This work raises the possibility that people might be made immune to cancer by inoculation.

Backing up this five-pronged attack is a great range of basic research into what makes a cancer cell different from any other.

What I have seen or heard this last week convinces me that if the doctors have not got far yet with the cancers, it is neither for want of trying nor want of money. So many of the world's best scientific intellects are concentrated on the problem that I would say the slowness of the pace is due far more to the natural scarcity of this type of talent than to money shortage.

Some unexpected discovery may produce a cancer with a wide range of application. A few medical advances—penicillin for instance—are "hole-in-one" shots.

But I believe that the slow, nibbling attack on a broad front is more likely to produce the answers. In medicine, as in golf, infinitely more games are won with a putter.

Certain complex chemicals have proved useful in treating, though not necessarily curing, leukaemia, a malignant blood disorder. The possibility that other forms of cancer may respond to drugs, including some of the new kinds of penicillin-type products, offers the strongest immediate hope.

Many thousands of chemicals are under test, but progress must be slow because the chemicals may have damaging effects on healthy cells.

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CHAPMAN

PINCHER

## JAK AT SILVERSTONE



"I'm sure we must be on the Dover Road—I can hear the sea!"

London Express Service



## JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Slam Completed  
Despite Losers

By OSWALD JACOBY

HOW would you play today's hand at a six spade contract and against a trump opening with East following suit? Pedro Cabral of New York who might serve as a real life model for Pessimistic Pete decided to play safe for his contract and to guard against a possible four-one heart break. Here is Pedro's safety play. He won the first trump in his own hand and led a heart to

NORTH (D) 18			
AKQ			
AKJ854			
5 2			
5 4			
WEST EAST			
3 3 2	4	Q 10 9 8	
7	3	10 8 4	
K J 7 5	4	J 7 3 2	
K 10 6			
SOUTH			
A J 10 8 7 6			
5 2			
A 5			
A 9			
Both vulnerable			
North	East	South	West
1 ♠ Pass	1 ♠ Pass		
2 ♠ Pass	2 ♠ Pass		
3 ♠ Pass	3 ♠ Pass		
4 ♠ Pass	4 ♠ Pass		
5 ♠ Pass	5 ♠ Pass		
Opening lead—4 ♠			

dumny's ace. His next play was a low heart from dummy. This gave up all play for seven but just happened to be the only play to bring home six. Furthermore, it guaranteed six once both opponents followed to the first heart. East chose to return a club. Pedro went up with the ace, led a trump to dummy, trumped a low heart, and got back to dummy with its last trump. Now dummy's three remaining hearts provided parking places for his three losing diamonds and clubs and the slam was made. It is interesting to note that this particular safety play is a complicated variation of the play from Watson's book that I discussed recently. Pedro allowed West a chance to ruff, if he wished, but let him ruff a loser, not a winner.

## CARD SENSE

Q—The bidding has been:  
East South West North  
1 ♠ Pass Pass Double  
Pass  
You, South, hold:  
AKQ 3 2 ♠ 7 8 7 ♠ J 2 ♠ K 6 3  
What do you do?  
A—Bid two clubs. You want to play game but don't know where. This forces your partner to choose and clearly shows support for both major suits.  
TODAY'S QUESTION  
Your partner continues with a bid of two diamonds. What do you do now?  
Answer Tomorrow

## CROSSWORD

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4. Animal, (4)  
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6. Weather guide, (5)  
7. Ten years, (6) 17. Working, (7)  
8. Queen's title, (5)  
9. Top card, (3)  
10. Example, (5)  
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1. Works of reference, (4-5)  
2. River of Somerset, (3)  
3. Raven's word, (5)  
4. Flavour, (7)  
5. Washed and dried, (5)  
6. Drives follow, (4)  
7. Mileage, (5)  
8. Part of the head, (3)  
9. Nothing out of portion, (6)  
10. Awaits, (5)  
11. Circulator, (5)  
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## CHESS

By LEONARD BARDEN

The following German game (Bock v. Wurda) is won by an amazing sacrifice by which the seemingly snug king is driven into the open. 1. P-K4, P-QB4; 2. Kt-KB3, Kt-QB3; 3. P-Q4, P-KP; 4. Kt-P, P-KKt3; 5. Kt-QB3, P-Q4; 6. Kt-QB3, P-Q4; 7. Kt-QB3, P-Q4; 8. P-B4, Kt-QB4; 9. B-K2, P-QB3; 10. P-Q5, Kt-Kt; 11. BxP ch, KxP (RxB); 12. K-K6 wins the queen; 13. Kt-K6, Kt-Kt; 14. Q-Q4 ch, K-B4; 15. P-Kt4 ch, KxP; 16. R-Kt1 ch, K-R6; 17. Q-Q5, Resigns.  
Solution No. 5442: 1. K-K5, RxF; 2. R-K4, or PxP; 3. Kt-B3, or P-B4; 4. Q-Q5, or P-K4; 5. R-Q3. Good self-blocking strategy.  
London Express Service

## WOMAN'S WORLD

New York. And how does a Tahitian learn to dance the traditional movements, who instructs? "No one," Raminé replied. "One watches the parents, the grandparents. One learns by watching. I dance ever since I was a little girl."  
The method of Raminé's involvement in the movies must be unique. She was one of seven in the family Bucha on the coral island of Bora Bora. Two shipwrecked Americans landed there when she was three. They were Igor and Prudence Allen, who had worked in the field of child psychology at Northwestern University and then settled in Papeete.

**Cautious About Future**  
Childless, they became attached to Raminé, and, in the Polynesian tradition of sharing, the Buchas let Raminé go to live with the Allens. They have since adopted her.  
Allen has pursued a varied career in the South Seas, and American film-makers who have operated there often have used his many skills and knowledge of the region. Carl Dudley, who directed "Cinema-South Seas Adventure" was the latest to employ him and, of course, he met Raminé. He hired her at once.  
The shy but friendly Raminé and her chaperoning adopted mother are quite cautious about the girl's future as an entertainer.

"We have had a number of offers," Mrs. Allen said. "But Raminé has danced publicly, except in Tahiti, only at an entertainment at a hotel in Honolulu where we now make our home. She has never worked in a night club or a theatre. I suppose there will be more offers now. We will have to think about the matter and discuss it among ourselves."  
Raminé said she hopes to become a good housewife.

## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Stop telling me to pull in my stomach, Edith—I've been doing just that!"

## YOUR BIRTHDAY ...By STELLA

MONDAY, JULY 28

BORN today, you are high-spirited and quick-tempered. But with your temperamental outbursts, you have a great deal of talent and the verge of success. The one real difficulty is that when you do become depressed, you really hit bottom and it takes considerable time to get up again.  
You are intuitive and impulsive and often speak or act without giving any thought to the potential outcome. As you grow in wisdom, you should learn to control these outbursts. What may seem to be an exciting temperament, the untrained youth can become more fitful and temper in the full-grown adult.  
Your best selection of a career is in one of the arts, for the stars have given you talent there. You enjoy travel and will be happiest if your work takes you to far lands for variety and excitement. Your road to success may not always be easy one, but when you do arrive, it will be a lasting and substantial success. The latter part of your life should be a more happy and contented period of your life. You have so many casual friends that you may have difficulty in selecting one as a marriage partner. Find someone who thoroughly understands your temperament and who has similar cultural tastes.  
—Among those born on this date were: Alice



## Record For Valerie



New Zealand's Valerie Sloper seen at the Empire Games, Cardiff, where she won the women's shot put final with a throw of 51 feet, a new British national record.—BIPPA photo.

## Week-End Lawn Bowls

# KDC's Upset Victory Over KCC Blasts Cricketers' Championship Hopes

By ROBERT TAY

Kowloon Dock Club who were credited with the honour of producing the first major upset victory in the first division league this season when they beat Kowloon Cricket Club 4-1 on May 10, scored another major achievement last Saturday.

In the only league match played, they blasted all Kowloon Cricket Club's hopes of staying in the run for the first division championship honours by handing them a 4-1 defeat.

Many of the KCC bowlers did not realise that the game was on until about 2 p.m. when their conveyer M. J. Diveria received a phone call from the Kowloon Dock conveyer saying that the green was playable. Sportingly Diveria rounded up all his players except for Hong Sing who later went to the Cricket Club expecting a roll-up only to hear that he was urgently needed at the Huihung green.

## No Excuse

However, there was little room for excuse for the cricketers' de-

## Test Match Pitch Still Flooded

Manchester, July 27. The Test match pitch here, which was flooded on Saturday during a violent storm, which allowed only 40 minutes play, had another soaking tonight. Heavy rain started at 1000 GMT and continued for several hours. The Test match, between England and New Zealand, is scheduled to finish on Tuesday.—Reuters.

## Win For Aly Khan's 'Taboun'

Paris, July 28. Australian jockey George Fox won the big win in France this season when he took Prince Aly Khan's two-year-old "Taboun" to victory in the 8,000,000 franc (about \$23,000) "Prix Robert-Papin" at the Maisons-Laffitte Course near here today. Taboun, trained by Alec Hood, was three lengths ahead of "Steamer" with "Thymus" third and "Don Capin" fourth. The race was over 1,500 metres. Betting on the post-mortem for a 10-1 odds stake was: Win—59, places—33-52-50.—France Press.

cent. The green though a shade on the tricky side after the heavy rain was playing fairly well. According to some of them it was just careless and indifferent play by a few of their bowlers which were largely responsible for their downfall.

The dockmen owed their fourth victory on the aggregate once again to their grand fighting spirit. They were trailing behind on all the three rinks throughout the major part of the game and it was not until the 20th head that they swung the game into their favour.

J. S. Landolt's four leading all the way against George Cole's four romped home comfortably with a winning margin of five shots.

## A Five

Tommy Baker's four fell off in the second half of the game against some spirited bowling by A. Skeoch and his men and ended by being three shots down.

The deciding heads were played off between the fours skipped by W. Hong Sing and W. Davidson and once again Davidson's four garnered the top honours for their side's victory with their brilliant play in the last two heads of the game.

## Deciding Head

At the end of the 10th head, Hong Sing's four were still up by five shots. Then on the 20th head, with his side lying three shots down, Davidson took a wick and trailed the lack to its five, which stayed for the count.

# Two-Day Athletic UNITED STATES ON FIRST DAY Wins Seven Out Of Ten Men's Events

## TRAILS BEHIND IN WOMEN'S SECTION

Moscow, July 27.

A mighty crowd of 75,000 Russians stood at attention for "The Star Spangled Banner" today and then cheered generously while United States-track stars outclassed Soviet athletes during the first day of the first dual meet ever held between the two countries.

Despite the tense political situation between the two countries, there was nothing but good sportsmanship on display in Moscow's magnificent new Lenin Stadium.

Russian officials said they sold all of the 103,000 tickets available but threatening weather held the attendance to 75,000 for the first clash in a series which might eventually almost rival the track events of the Olympics in importance.

America's Ira Murchison, the 5ft. 5ins. sprinter whom the Russians call "the human machine," won the 100-metre run in 10.2 seconds to start the meet and the Yankees won five men's events before the Russians took a first place. The American men won seven of 10 events and

## U.S. Girls Surprise

The American men were expected to win. But the American girls surprised the hunky competitors by winning two of the first five events in the women's competition.

The United States wound up the day leading in the men's competition, 51 points, to 45. The Soviet women were leading, 30 to 22. Each country has two rivals in each individual event and points are awarded on a 5-3-2-1 basis for the first five places.

One of the finest performances of the day was put up by the United States men's 4 x 100 metres relay team of Ira Murchison, Ed Colymore, Jim Seagrass and Glenn Davis, who clocked 39.6 sec.—only one-tenth of a second outside the world record, held by the United States.

The United States squad finished seven-tenths of a second ahead of the Russian quartet. Parry O'Brien, of the United States, was less than five inches away from his own world mark in winning the shot-put with 49.14 metres (32 feet 9 1/2 inches). Hal Connolly, holder of the hammer world record, was within five feet of his best-ever throw with an effort of 67.28 metres (222 feet 5 3/4 inches).

## The Great Duel

The great duel expected between Connolly and Russia's Mikhail Krivonozov, who is said to have done better than the American's world record, did not materialize. Krivonozov was right off form with a throw of only 62.47 metres (204 feet 11 1/2 inches) which put him last of the four competitors.

Vladimir Bulatov brought off an unexpected victory over Don Morris of the United States in the pole vault, clearing 4.50 metres (14 feet 9 inches) to the American's 4.40 metres (14 feet 5 1/4 inches). Evgeny Zhukov, deputising for Vladimir Kuts in the 10,000 metres race, won easily in 29 mins 59.8 secs. with his teammates Aleksei Desyatnikov second.

Weather permitting the highlights of the coming week's lawn bowls programme will be the seven men's singles fourth-round matches tomorrow.

It is doubtful if the Colony ladies' singles quarter-final matches scheduled for today can be played off. Many have remarked that it is a pity that all these four matches must be played on different greens.

In this respect it applies also to the quarter-finals of the men's events and for the purpose of stimulating spectator-interest in the game, it is wondered if "the rule of draw" for Open Championship matches could be revised in some way to provide for matches in and beyond the quarter-final stages to be played on one green at a time.

Barbara Jones won the Women's 100 metres in a tight

finish in which the first three all clocked 11.0 sec. The Russian Girl Yvona Kropkina was second and Isabel Daniels, Of the United States, third.

Nina Ponomareva, Olympic Champion of 1952 and third in the Melbourne games event, won the women's discus with a throw of 51.84 metres (170 feet 3/4 inches).

The meeting will be concluded tomorrow.—U.P.I. and Reuter.

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The meeting will be concluded tomorrow.—U.P.I. and Reuter.

## Cooper Beats Fraser In Swiss Tennis Tourney

Switzerland, July 27. Second-seeded Lorraine Coghlan of Australia won the women's singles title in the international tennis championships of Switzerland here today, beating fourth-seeded Yola Ramirez of Mexico 2-0, 6-2, 6-0 in the final.

But the Mexican pair of Miss Ramirez and Miss Rosa Maria Reyes took revenge in the doubles final by defeating Australia's Mrs Thekla Long and Mrs Mary Hawton 9-7, 6-4.

The men's singles final was a repeat performance of the all-Australian Wimbledon final, Ashley Cooper beating Nicolo Fraser 2-6, 3-6, 7-5, 6-4, 6-3.

In the men's doubles final, second-seeded Nicola Pietrangeli and Orlando Sirola of Italy beat unseeded Rod Laver and Bob Mark of Australia 6-1, 6-3, 6-3.

The tournament closed with the defending mixed doubles champions, Hugh Slesart of the U.S. and Miss Rosa Maria Reyes of Mexico, successfully retaining their title by downing Italy's Pietrangeli and Miss Yola Ramirez of Mexico 6-3, 6-3.—U.P.I.

## Soviet Officials Bar American Cameramen From Track Meet

Moscow, July 27. American cameramen representing the three top television networks were barred from the field at the Lenin Stadium today.

Russian officials told them that the right to make films on the field were reserved exclusively for Soviet newsreel organisations. The Americans issued a statement labelling this "rank discrimination" that could hardly be considered "in the spirit of the Soviet-U.S. cultural agreement under which the meet was organised."—U.P.I.

# Meet In Moscow LEADS RUSSIA



## Record Breaking One-Man Team

Thomas Augustus Robinson is the only representative from the Bahamas at the Empire Games, but has more than upheld the honour of his country.

After breaking the 100 yards Games record by 0.5 seconds to last the final in a photo-finish to Keith Gardner in 9.4 seconds, he, however, later averaged this defeat by beating Gardner in the 220 yards final in 21 seconds after establishing a Games record of 24.9 seconds in the semi-final.

Above photo shows him winning his 100 yards heat while at left he is seen carrying his country's flag past the Duke of Edinburgh at the Opening Ceremony.—Central Press Photos.

## Mexican Retains Long Distance Swimming Title

Naples, July 27. Tonatlah Gutierrez of Mexico retained his long distance world title here tonight as he swam from Capri to Naples in 11 hours, 8.54 minutes.

The Mexican champ braved a strong western sea in the home stretch to beat a field of 53 international swimmers from 15 countries.

Alfredo Camerero of Argentina, swimming at a fast pace about one mile behind, was placed second today in 11:49.53 just 40.59 minutes behind Gutierrez.

Another Argentine, Alfredo Larriera, placed third, in 12:50.52.

Laos Kovacs of Hungary was fourth in 13:59.11.—U.P.I.

Then came a group including Samir Mosleh of the U.A.R., Aldo Fioravanti and Uilo Robiony, both of Italy, and Leif Gellberg of Sweden.

Trailing 500 metres behind was Des Brogen of Pakistan.—U.P.I.

## Commonwealth Golfers Boycotting British Pro Tournament NO FINANCIAL INCENTIVE

By Derek John

Commonwealth golfers are threatening to boycott British professional tournaments in 1959. South Africans Trevor Wilkes and Gary Player have given a lead by leaving for home before the end of the season. "And we won't be back," says Wilkes.

Both are annoyed at the distribution of prize money. "There is no financial incentive for those who don't finish in the first six places," says Wilkes.

Both have dropped the British tour in favour of the American. They think golf winners in Britain receive too much cash and runners-up too little.

In many British tournaments there is little difference in value between the 11th prize

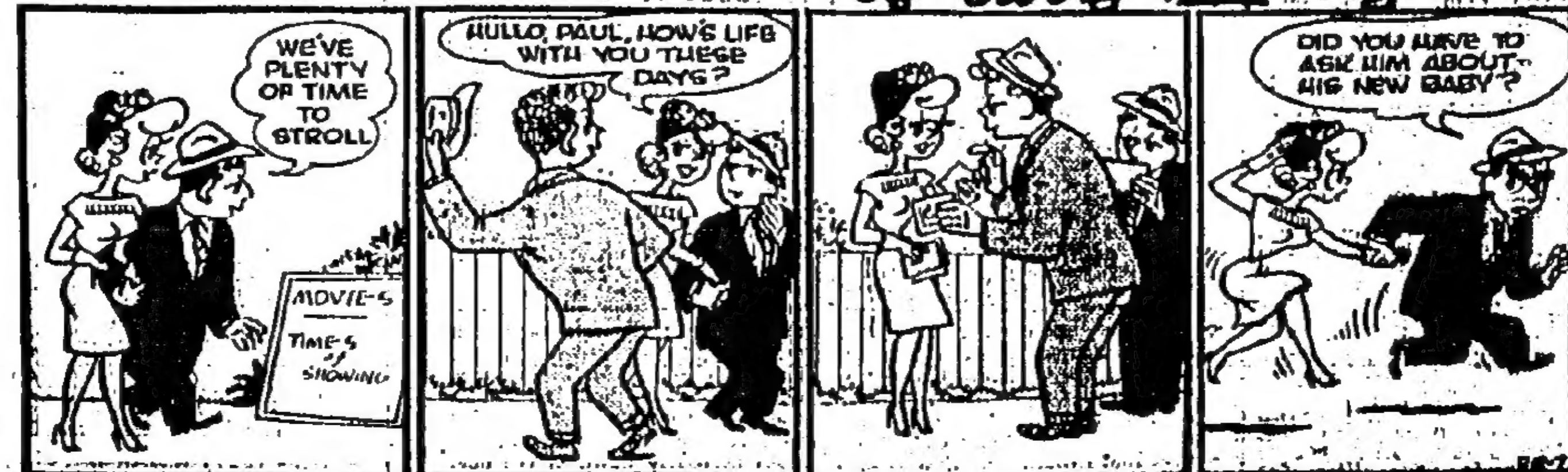
and the 40th. It has been said that an overseas player must average sixth place at least to cover the expenses of a season's tour.

In the United States there are surely prizes for any place lower than 25th.

It is felt that Britain should follow this example, or many of her big tournaments will lose their international glamour.

This year, few American professionals entered the British Open because they could not afford to leave their country in the middle of their own season. If the present prize-system continues, American professionals may stay away from British golf courses altogether.

## THE GAMBOLS



## Time on your hands...



## Sports Diary

TODAY  
Ladies' Open Golf: Malaga at CCC, 11:00 a.m.  
Ladies' Polo: Malaga at KBOC, 11:00 a.m.  
TOMORROW  
Cockney Open Golf: Malaga at KBOC, 11:00 a.m.  
RAF v. CRICKET: Army, RAF, 11:00 a.m.  
Box: 11:30 p.m.



# England Names Team To Tour Australia

## NO SURPRISES AMONG 17 PLAYERS CHOSEN

### Wardle And Laker Included

London, July 27.

The MCC team to tour Australia later this year includes eight players who have previously toured Australia.

They are Peter May, (captain) (Surrey), Trevor Bailey (Essex), Colin Cowdrey (Kent), Godfrey Evans (Kent), Tom Graveney (Gloucestershire), Brian Statham (Lancashire), Frank Tyson (Northamptonshire), Johnnie Wardle (Yorkshire).

The others named in the party of 17 today were: Jim Laker (Surrey), Peter Laker (Surrey), Tony Lock (Surrey), Arthur McIntyre (Gloucestershire), Peter Richardson (Northamptonshire), Boy Swann (Northamptonshire), Ivo Swann (Surrey), Freddie Trueman (Yorkshire), Willie Watson (Gloucestershire).

Frank Tyson, the fast bowler who was a great success on the previous tour to Australia, has been out of the England side for two years.

Boy Swann, the reserve wicket-keeper, is the only player without Test experience.

Aged 24, he made his debut for Surrey in 1954 and went with the MCC team to Pakistan in 1955-56. While 40-year-old Arthur McIntyre continues in form for Surrey, Swann's appearances for his county have been limited to five this season. Swann took 11 catches in three matches for the MCC at the start of the season, including four against the New Zealanders.

### A Century

He hit a century for the MCC against Yorkshire and his present average is 23.50 for eight innings.

Raman Subba Row, the Northamptonshire captain, is playing in his first Test in the current match against New Zealand at Manchester.

Born in Croydon, Surrey, this 26-year-old left handed batsman is a useful leg-breaker. He played for Surrey in 1953 after coming down from Cambridge University for whom he played in three varsity matches against Oxford.

He toured India with the Commonwealth team in 1953-54 and joined Northamptonshire in 1955. Made captain this season, he hit 300 against Surrey at the Oval.

Arthur Milton, 30, of Gloucestershire, has also played in only one Test—against New Zealand at Leeds this month—which he celebrated with a century (104 not out).

### Five Games In N.Z.

Like Willie Watson, he is a double international, having represented England at both cricket and football. He gained his soccer cap against Austria in 1952 but gave up the game to concentrate on cricket.

The five-month tour of Australia and New Zealand begins with a match against Western Australia on October 17. They will play 21 games in Australia, including five Tests, and five games in New Zealand including two Tests.

Test matches in Australia are usually won by fast bowlers and,

## Hungarian Soccer Team Draw 1-1 With Chinese Side

Paris, July 27.

The visiting Hungarian "Penzator" football team tied with the Chinese team in a friendly match in Lushan Dairen this afternoon.

The score was 1-1. Radio Peking reported, adding that the Chinese team led the game by scoring the first goal in the first six minutes of play.

The Hungarian visitors evened it in the 31st minute when their centre-forward Stokky Borboly scored with an unassisted right kick.

In the second half, neither of the teams made any progress. The radio said this was the third game the Hungarian footballers played with Chinese teams since their arrival on July 16. —France-Press.

## Well Done, Skipper



An Indian—Raman Subba Row—becomes one of three new Test cricket caps for England this week.

Many fans are wondering how he can play for England when a West Indian, Sonny Ramadhin, was not even allowed to play in English county cricket this season.

The explanation is that Subba Row was born in England and has been to India only once—for a cricket tour. His father, a barrister, practised in England for many years and married an Englishwoman.

So Subba Row has more right to play for England than had Ranjitsinghi, Duleepsinghi and Pataudi.

Photo shows ex-England bowler Frank Tyson (right) congratulating his Northamptonshire captain Subba Row on his first Test cap.

## England's Soccer Captain Married

### Thousands Watch 'Secret' Wedding

Pool, July 27.

The "secret" wedding of England's football captain, Billy Wright, and singing star, Joy Beverley, at the Beverley Sisters, the "close harmony trio," took place today with a crowd of cup proportions, cheering and jostling as the couple entered and left the Register Office here. Thousands of people came from miles around after news of the "hush, hush" ceremony had leaked out.

### TRAFFIC BLOCKED

Police were unable to cope with the crowd and traffic was blocked for several hours.

After a church blessing, there was reception at the house which the Beverley Sisters have taken for the duration of the summer show in which they are appearing at Bournemouth on the south coast.

Billy and Joy had only a few hours together. Then Billy went back to his home in Wolverhampton, to pack for a trip to Sweden tomorrow. Joy will be appearing as usual in her show tomorrow. The honeymoon will take place later. —China Mail Special.

## Athletics Win For Germany

Nijmegen, July 27.

Germany beat Holland in an Athletics match here today by 269 points to 151. They won the Men's contest by 199 to 107 and the Women's by 70 to 44. —Reuter.

## FIRST OF A GREAT 'DOUBLE'



Dave Power of Australia is shown winning the six miles event of the Empire Games at Cardiff in the record time of 28 minutes 47.8 seconds followed by the "unknown", John Merriman of Wales.

Power later accomplished a great "double" when he won the 25-mile marathon also in a record time of 2 hours 22 minutes 45.6 seconds. —London Express photo.

## Fact Or Fable

## IT'S A GOOD LAWN BOWLS STORY ANYWAY

At a club dinner some time ago, an official of the Scottish Bowling Association criticised the sloppy way some bowlers were dressed.

He took particular exception to a "bowler" who once played in an international match with the top of his underpants showing. Undoubtedly the most eccentric dresser ever seen in a bowling green was a gentleman known to his friends as "Daff Dave."

### INVARIABLE CUSTOM

It was Daff Dave's invariable custom, when playing bowls, to attire himself in long, woolen underwear, oriental slippers that curled up at the toes, and a bowler hat. Bowlers are a broadminded lot. No adverse comment was ever made about Dave's dress until the year he hit top form and reached the final of the Scottish championships.

On the eve of the final, Daff Dave was approached by a high-ranking bowls official. "Dave, Ah jist thought Ah'd remind ye that the final's to be on TV tomorrow," he said. "Now, mind ye, if a man wants to play bowls, in long woolen underpants, curling oriental slippers, and a bowler hat—Ah widge normally stand in his way." "But Dave, wif millions o' folk watching ye tomorrow—dae ye no' think ye should tone yer dress down a woe bit?" Daff Dave considered this suggestion carefully for some moments. "Ye know, Ah think ye're right," he conceded. "Ah'll tell ye whit Ah'll dae tomorrow—Ah'll no' wear ma bowler hat!"

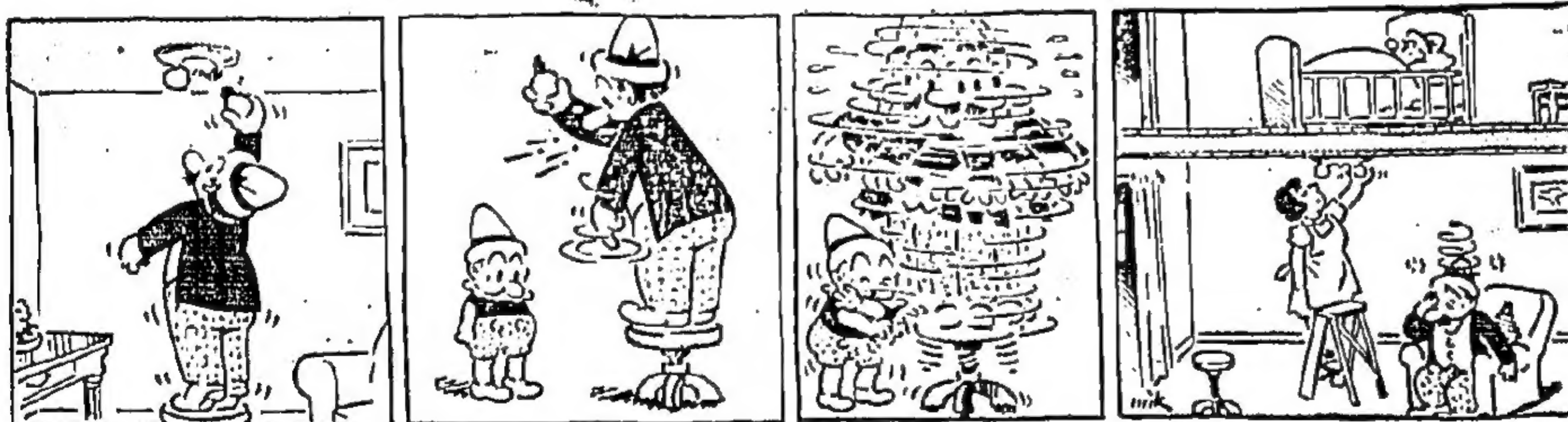
## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



## FERD'NAND

By Mik



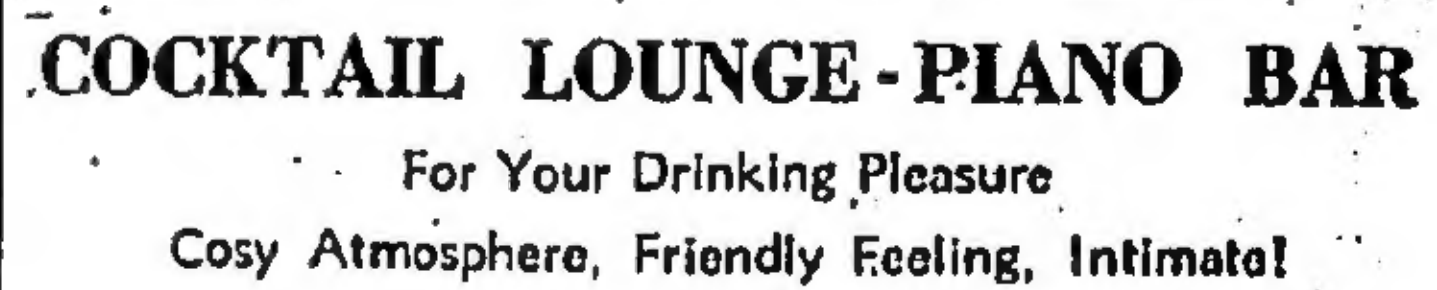
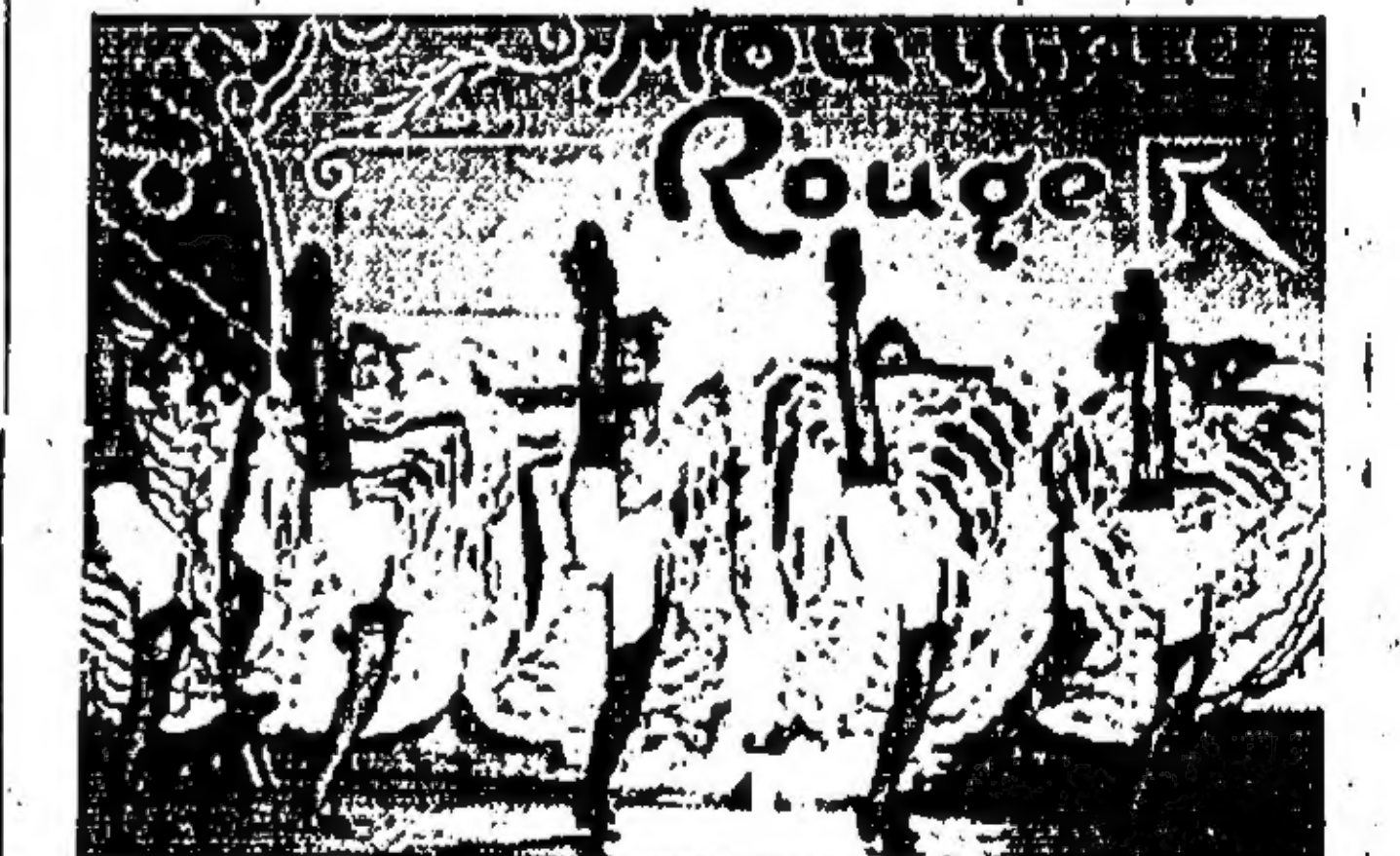
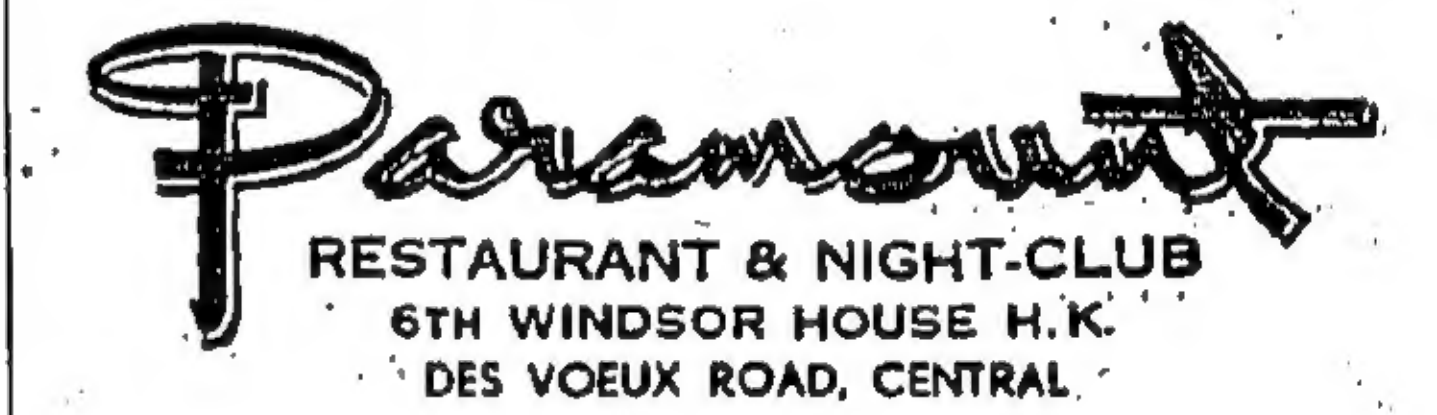
## NANCY

by Ernie Bushmiller



## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins









from 75 to 25 cents in April—  
U.P.I.



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**MONDAY, JULY 28, 1958.**

**SHEAFFER'S**  
NEW HALF MOON  
WRITING POINT

AVAILABLE AT ALL  
GOOD STORES

**STERLING  
SILVER TIP**

**by Andrew Sloan**  
*China Mail Reporter*

Shaw Brothers announced this morning in an advertisement that they wish to interview "actors and actresses," . . . of any nationality, professional, semi-professional and amateur for parts in the series.

Mr. V. V. Kolatchoff, former Sports Editor of the China Mail, left in the Italian liner Victoria this morning for Bombay en route to Paris to work for a news agency there.

The local agents for the ship, Eastern Lloyd Ltd., said this morning that the Captain and seven crew members had been transferred to another ship and were waiting for the

When they arrive here tomorrow night, the agents said, they will leave as soon as possible for Japan.

Printed and published by  
behalf of South China Morning  
Street, City of Victoria in the C

# Paquerette's!

**TEL. 21-157**

The Hongkong tug Talkoo, which left the Colony last night to go to the aid of a grounded Japanese freighter, is expected to reach the ship sometime tomorrow, depending on the weather. The ship, the 7,613-ton freighter, Moikoi Maru, ran

The local agents for the ship, Eastern Lloyd Ltd., said this morning that the Captain and seven crew members had transferred to another ship and were waiting for the

arrival of the Hongkong tug. The other 41 crewmen were already en route for Hongkong.

When they arrive here tomorrow night, the agent said, they will leave as soon as possible for Japan.

General Chennault was decorated many times by his own government and was also cited by the Chinese and British for his services as leader of the "Flying Tigers."

The General divorced his first wife in 1940 and married a young Chinese girl reporter the following year. He had 10 children by the two marriages.

All Agencies.

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